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 $\alpha'$ 

wherein:

m, n and p are independently 0 or 1;

A is  $-C(Z^1)$ -,  $-C(Z^1)$ -NH-, SO<sub>2</sub>, or a covalent bond; where  $Z^1$  is oxygen or sulfur;

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

R2 is hydrogen, alkyl, or cycloalkyl; or

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and A when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a nitrogen bearing heterocycle;

R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

T is -O-, -S(O)<sub>q</sub>, or -NR<sup>5</sup>-;

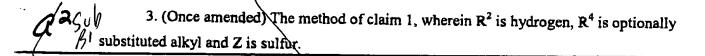
in which q is 0, 1, or 2, and R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

X<sup>1</sup>, X<sup>2</sup>, and X<sup>3</sup> nitrogen;

Y is lower alkylene or carbonyl;

Y<sup>2</sup> is lower alkylene or oxygen; and

Z is sulfur, oxygen, or -NR5-.



9. (Once amended) The method of claim 8, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is 4-t-butylphenyl and R<sup>4</sup> is methyl, namely 6-{[4-(tert-butyl)phenoxy]methyl}-4-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine-2-ylamine.

28. (Once amended) A method for treating a disease or condition in a mammal that can be treated with a compound that elevates serum levels of HDL cholesterol, comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of claim 1.

30. (Once amended) A method for treating a disease or condition in a mammal related to low HDL cholesterol levels, comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of claim 1.

32. (Once amended) A method for treating a disease or condition in a mammal that can be treated with a compound that promotes cholesterol efflux from cells, comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of claim I.

34. (Once amended) A method for treating a condition related to coronary artery disease in a mammal that can be treated with a combination of a compound that elevates serum levels of HDL cholesterol and a compound that lowers LDL cholesterol, comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of claim 1 and a compound that lowers LDL cholesterol.

36. (Once amonded) A compound of the Formula I:

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R<sup>3</sup> (Y<sup>1</sup>)<sub>m</sub> (Y<sup>2</sup>)<sub>p</sub> X<sup>3</sup> Z

Formula I

wherein:

m, n and p are independently 0 or 1;

A is  $-C(Z^1)$ -,  $-C(Z^1)$ -NH-,  $SO_2$ , or a covalent bond;

where Z1 is exygen or sulfur;

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl, or cycloalkyl; or

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and A when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a nitrogen bearing heterocycle;

R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

T is -O-, -S(O)<sub>q</sub>, or -NR<sup>5</sup>-;

in which q is 0, 1, or 2, and R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted aryl, or optionally substituted heteroaryl;

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ , and  $X^3$  are nitrogen;

Y<sup>1</sup> is lower alkylene or carbonyl;

Y<sup>2</sup> is lower alkylene or oxygen; and

Z is sulfur, oxygen, or -NR5-.

with the proviso that when A is a covalent bond,  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are both hydrogen, and Z is -NH-, m, n, and p cannot all be 0; and

when m is 0, Y2 is methylene, and Z is -NH-, R3 cannot be lower alkyl; and

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